## Strategies for managing chronic pain

Along with traditional medications and surgeries, numerous **non-traditional pain management methods can help reduce an individual's chronic pain effectively**. We've compiled the following suggestions to help you consider and evaluate whether they could benefit your patients.

## As you review the options, keep in mind:

- This is not an exhaustive list and each individual may see results with different strategies. Members may need to try several approaches to determine which ones provide the help they need.
- Because benefit plans and covered services differ significantly, this list does not indicate whether or not coverage might be available for a specific member. Members need to be aware that they may have to pay for some services.
- Some of these strategies have proven scientific validity when performed by a trained professional with the appropriate licensure, certification or other credentials.
- Type refers to:
  - T = Traditional services. Sometimes referred to as mainstream or conventional medicine, these are typically covered by benefit plans.
  - A = Alternative or complementary services. These are non-mainstream services generally used together with conventional medicine. They may not be covered by benefit plans, and may include self-directed strategies and services that are paid by the member.

Strategy	Туре	Comments
Acupuncture	А	Acupuncture is a method of relieving pain or treating illness by
		placing needles into a person's skin at particular points on the
		body.
Alcohol and	Т	Alcohol use can exacerbate the experience of pain, and some
drug abuse		medications used to treat pain can lead to addiction.
treatment		
Behavioral	Т	Living in constant pain can be emotionally distressing and result
health		in depression and anxiety, or can exacerbate existing mental
therapies		disorders, which also need to be addressed with evidenced-based
		therapy (such as Cognitive Behavioral Therapy, below).



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Biofeedback	A	Biofeedback uses feedback from sensors and a computer to give information about the body's stress response and then teaches the patient to control the stress response. This may involve consciously relaxing muscles or changing breathing. Biofeedback has been particularly helpful for headaches and chronic pain, which often causes increased pain due to muscle tension and fatigue. <sup>1</sup>
Chiropractic	A	Chiropractic is a branch of healthcare that focuses on the relationship between the body's structure - mainly the spine - and its function. Conditions commonly treated by chiropractors include back and neck pain, headaches, sports injuries and repetitive strains. Patients also seek treatment of pain associated with other conditions, such as arthritis. <sup>2</sup>
Cognitive behavioral therapy	Т	Cognitive behavioral therapy explores the relationship between thoughts, emotion and actions, which impacts how a person experiences pain. People are trained in identifying negative thoughts and behaviors, then replacing them with more adaptive alternatives that increase functioning. <sup>1</sup>
Exercise	A	Most people with chronic pain need to keep as physically active as possible. Increased activity levels and education about exercise is recommended since inactivity is detrimental despite the temporary relief of symptoms. Standing up every 15 minutes or using a standing desk can also be helpful. Therapeutic exercise can be classified to include 1) range-of-motion exercises; 2) stretching; 3) strength training; and 4) cardiovascular conditioning. <sup>1</sup>
Massage	A	Therapeutic massage involves soft tissue manipulation using the hands or a mechanical device through a variety of specific methods and should be performed by a trained practitioner. The term "massage therapy" includes many techniques, and the type of massage given usually depends on the person's needs and physical condition. Some scientific evidence points toward beneficial effects on pain and symptoms associated with a number of different conditions, including chronic low-back pain. <sup>3</sup>
Meditation	A	Meditation involves using a number of awareness techniques to help quiet the mind and relax the body. Studies suggest that meditating can increase pain tolerance, activity levels, and self- esteem and decrease anxiety, stress, depression and use of pain medications. Mindfulness meditation has been used successfully to reduce pain and improve mood in patients with chronic pain from a variety of conditions, including headache and low back pain.
Physical therapy	Т	Physical therapy helps manage chronic pain with treatments that include strengthening and flexibility exercises, manual therapy, posture awareness, and body mechanics instruction. Physical therapists also can help patients understand the underlying cause of their pain.



Strategy	Туре	Comments
Smoking	А	Smoking can increase the sensation of pain, so programs to
cessation		eliminate a nicotine addiction can help reduce the experience of
		pain.
Relaxation	Α	Relaxation techniques may contribute to chronic pain
training		management by teaching techniques that support distraction
		from pain, and improve the person's sense of control and self-
		efficacy. Learning relaxation techniques may improve body
		awareness and reduce stress while contributing to improved
		sleep. Commonly used methods include progressive muscle
		relaxation and deep diaphragmatic breathing, which are easy to
		learn, improving the likelihood of patient compliance. <sup>4</sup>
Sleep	А	Pain affects ability to sleep, and the lack of sleep makes the pain
improvement	Т	seem worse. Researchers have identified a variety of practices
training		and habits—known as "sleep hygiene"—that can help anyone
		maximize the hours they spend sleeping, even those whose sleep
		is affected by pain. Physicians, therapists and online programs
		can teach strategies for improving sleep.
Support	А	Gathering with others who share a common health concern can
groups		be beneficial for people dealing with chronic pain. Support groups
		are not the same as group therapy sessions, which are a type of
		mental health treatment under the guidance of a trained mental
		health provider. Reaching out to new communities, such as
		community-based support groups led by a trained professional,
		can provide awareness that the person is not alone in dealing
<b>T</b> : C1 :		with the effects of chronic pain.
Tai Chi	А	Tai Chi is a series of soft, flowing movements choreographed into
		a slow routine. Ongoing research suggests that Tai Chi is an
		effective treatment in improving physical functioning of those
		with chronic pain including arthritis, low back pain, and
Thomasoutio	Δ	fibromyalgia. Educating people about the science of nerves changes a person's
Therapeutic neuroscience	А	perception of pain and has a positive therapeutic effect on pain.
education		This education can be obtained by reading books, discussing in
euucation		counseling sessions, researching online articles and other
		resources.
Yoga	А	Yoga creates a greater sense of health and well-being by
10ga		emphasizing mindful practice, breath awareness, and proper
		body alignment. Yoga helps to manage chronic pain through
		movements that increase flexibility, strength, and relaxation.
		Benefits of regular yoga practice include improved sleep and
		reduced stress and anxiety. Studies have shown that yoga is
		beneficial for fibromyalgia, among other pain conditions. <sup>1</sup>



## References

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